CIRRUS SR20

NORMAL CHECKLIST

BEFORE START CHECK

• Door operation

Revision Date: 23 SEP 14

- Egress hammer location
- Off-field landing discussion
- CAPS operation
- Sterile cockpit
- Traffic awareness
- No smoking
- Who controls aircraft in emergency
- Positive exchange of controls......COMPLETE
 Seats......ADJUSTED & LOCKED

Seat Belts and Harnesses.....SECURE Doors.....CLOSED and CHECKED (may be deferred)

STARTING ENGINE

Key	IN IGNITION
	HOLD
BAT Master Switche	esON (Check Volts)
Strobe Lights	ON
Mixture	FULL RICH
Power Lever	FULL FORWARD
Fuel Pump	.PRIME (count to 4) then BOOST
Propeller Area	CLEAR
	OPEN 1/4 INCH
Ignition Switch	START (Release after start)
	RETARD (to maintain 1000 RPM)
Oil Pressure	CHECK IN GREEN
Alt Master Switches	ON
Avionics Power Swit	chON
	MONITOR
Amp Meter Indicatio	nsCHECK

BEFORE TAXI CHECK

Flaps	UP
Radios & Avionics	
Cabin Heat/Defrost	AS REQUIRED
Fuel Selector	SWITCH TANK

TAXI CHECK

NOTE: Taxi over loose gravel at low RPM to avoid damage to propeller. Max engine speed during taxi is 1000 RPM.

Brakes	CHECK
Directional Gyro	CHECK
Attitude Gyro	
	CHECK

The POH remains the official source of information.

BEFORE TAKEOFF CHECK

PAGE 1

CAPS Pin Seat Belts and Harnesses Fuel Quantity	SECURE
Fuel Selector	
Fuel Pump	
Flaps	SET 50% & CHECK
Transponder	SFT
Navigation Radios/GPS	SET FOR DEPARTURE
Cabin Heat/Defrost	AS REQUIRED
Brakes	
Mixture	RICH
Power Lever	1700 RPM
Alternator	CHECK
Pitot heat	ON
 Navigation Lights 	ON
 Landing Lights 	ON
 Annunciator Lights. 	CHECK
Amp Meter Indication	CHECK POSITIVE
Pitot Heat	
Navigation Lights	
Landing Light	AS REQUIRED
Magnetos	CHECK BOTH
	R, check RPM, then BOTH
	L, check RPM, then BOTH
Engine Parameters	
Power Lever	
Autopilot	
Flight Instruments	CHECK & SET
	RUNWAY HEADING
	INITIAL ALTITUDE
	CLIMB RATE DESIRED
TrimSET IN T/O R	ANGE (aileron & elevator)
Flight Controls	FREE & CORRECT
Doors	CLOSED and CHECKED

BEFORE TAKEOFF BRIEFING

Determine Need for/Direction of Crosswind Correction Type of Takeoff Planned (Normal, Soft, Short) Direction of Departure or Initial Assigned Heading Initial Planned or Assigned Altitude Rotation Speed is 65-70 KIAS

Procedure if Engine Fails During Takeoff:

During Takeoff Roll......ABORT ON RUNWAY

< 500' AGL.....LAND STRAIGHT AHEAD

500-1200 AGL.....AREA EXPANDS AHEAD

> 1200' AGL.....TURN INTO WIND IF RETURNING

NOTE: Returning to the field can only be accomplished once adequate altitude has been attained. A 45° bank turn into the wind is recommended at best glide speed.

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NORMAL CHECKLIST

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NORMAL TAKEOFF

Power Lever	FULL FORWARD
Engine Instruments	CHECK
Brakes	RELEASE
Elevator ControlROTATE S	Smoothly at 65-70 KIAS
At 85 KIAS, Flaps	UP
Initial Climb	

SHORT FIELD TAKEOFF

Flaps	50%
Brakes	HOLD
Power Lever	FULL FORWARD
Engine Instruments	CHECK
Brakes	RELEASE
Elevator ControlF	Rotate Smoothly at 65 KIAS
Airspeed at Obstacle	77 KIAS
Transition to Normal Climb	96 KIAS

CLIMB CHECK (above 1000 AGL)

Enroute Climb	105 KIAS
Throttle	
Mixture	FULL RICH
Engine Parameters	CHECK
Fuel Pump	OFF

CRUISE CHECK

Landing Light	OFF
Cruise Power	SET 55% to 75%
Mixture	SEE QRC
Engine Parameters	MONITOR
Fuel Flow and Balance	MONITOR
COM 2	Monitor 121.5

Note: The Fuel Pump *must* be used for switching from one tank to another to avoid engine restart delays should engine quit due to fuel starvation.

Cruise Leaning if Desired:

Best Power = 75° Rich of Peak EGT 75% Power or Less

Best Economy = 50° Lean of Peak EGT 65% Power or Less

Approach Settings:	MP	KIAS	FLAPS
Prior to FAF:	22	100	50%
Glideslope:	12	100	50%
NP Decent:	10	100	50%

ARRIVAL AREA CHECK

ATIS/AWOS/Local Weather	RECEIVED
Approach Briefing	COMPLETE
Altimeter	SET
Cabin Heat/Defrost	AS REQUIRED
Landing Light	ON
Fuel System	CHECK
Mixture	AS REQUIRED
Brake Pressure	CHECK
1	

BEFORE LANDING CHECK

Seat Belts and Harnesse	sSECURE
	BOOST
	FULL RICH
Flaps	AS REQUIRED
Autopilot	OFF BELOW 500' AGL

NORMAL LANDING

Base Final Approach Touchdown	
Nosewheel	GENTLY LOWERMINIMUM REQUIRED

^{*} Airspeed on final approach should be increased at least 5 KIAS in turbulent conditions.

AFTER LANDING CHECK

Power Lever	1000 RPM
Fuel Pump	OFF
Wing Flaps	UP
Transponder	STBY
Lights	
Mixture	LEAN
Pitot Heat	OFF

SHUTDOWN CHECK

Fuel Pump	
Throttle	IDLE
Ignition Switch	.CHECK GROUNDING
Avionics Power Switch	OFF
Mixture	IDLE CUTOFF
All Switches (right to left)	OFF
Magnetos	OFF
ELŤT	
CAPS Pin	INSTALL
Chocks, Tie-Downs, Pitot Cove	rAS REQUIRED
Brake Sensors	INSPECT

QRC

CIRRUS SR20

QUICK REFERENCE CARD

BRIEF

SHORT-FIELD LANDING

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Power should slowly be reduced once clear of obstacles, reaching idle just prior to touchdown.

Do NOT lock-up the brakes as this will flat spot the tires and increase the stopping distance.

CRUISE LEANING

Power Lever	SET 65-75% POWER
Fuel Pump	VERIFY OFF
	PRESS BUTTON

BEST POWER: Lean until "Peak Detected" then slowly enrich the mixture until "Peak Detected (Rich)" shows. "Best Power" will display at optimal mixture.

BEST ECONOMY: Use 65% or less power for BEST **ECONOMY** settings

Lean until "Last Peak Detected" is shown. Continue leaning until "Best Economy" is shown.

Press the "Normalize" button after leaning the mixture.

SERVICING

Oil Type Used	.AEROSHELL OIL W 15w50
	MINIMUM 6 QTS.
	ce)7 QTS.
	26 GALS. USEABLE
Fuel to Top	56 GALS. USEABLE
Nose Tire Pressure	40 +2/-0 PSI
Main Tire Pressure	53 +2/-0 PSI

CIRCUIT BREAKERS

Three rows of circuit breakers are located near the pilots right leg. This checklist series describes them by row (Front, Center, Aft) and number from the top down (1-13).

EXAMPLE: F4 is Front row, 4th breaker from the top.

The POH remains the official source of information.

INSTRUMENT APPROACH

AWOS/ATIS	OBTAINED
Altimeter	SET
Localizer / VOR / NDB Frequency	SET
Approach Course	SET
Runway Length (Rwy ldg)	NOTE
Touchdown Zone Elevation (TDZ)	NOTE
Airport Elevation	NOTE
Approach Lighting	
Missed Approach Procedure	
Approach Control Frequency	
Tower FrequencySET IN	
Minimum Safe Altitude in Sector	
MDA/DH (Minimums)	BUG (if able)
Missed Approach Point (MAP)	
Direction of Turn Off Runway After Landin	

Note: For a non-precision approach determine how the Missed Approach Point will be identified, either using timing or DME distance as published.

RECOMMENDED AIRSPEEDS

Instrument Approach	105 KIAS/FLAPS 50%
Downwind	100 KIAS/FLAPS 50%
Base	90 KIAS/FLAPS 100%
Final	*80 KIAS/FLAPS 100%

*Reduce airspeed to 75 KIAS on short final. Use 85-90 KIAS for No Flap Landing.

Approach Settings:	MP	KIAS	FLAPS
Prior to FAF:	17	100	50%
Glideslope:	12	100	50%
NP Decent:	10	100	50%

V SDEEDS

V SPEEDS	
Vne / Never Exceed	200 KIAS
Vno / Maximum Structural Cruise	165 KIAS
Vo / Operating Maneuvering. (3000 lbs.)	131 KIAS
Vfe / Max. Speed w/flaps 50%	
Vfe / Max. Speed w/Flaps 100%	100 KIAS
Vpd / Max. Demo'd Chute Deployment	135 KIAS
Vy / Best Rate of Climb	96 KIAS
Vx / Best Angle of Climb	81 KIAS
Vr / Rotate	67 KIAS
Vs1 / Stall in Cruise Configuration	65 KIAS
Vso / Stall in Landing Configuration	56 KIAS
Normal Climbout	
Enroute Climb	105 KIAS
Best Glide (at 3000 lbs.)	96 KIAS

CIRRUS SR20 ABNORMAL PROCEDURES

ADDITIONAL ABNORMAL PROCEDURES ARE LOCATED IN THE PILOT'S OPERATING HANDBOOK

ALT 1 LIGHT STEADY

VERIFY CONDITION: Prior to conducting the following procedure verify that ALT 1 is offline by checking the voltage meter indication for ALT 1. If the indication is near 28 volts the problem is a bad ALT 1 current sensor and you should NOT proceed with the following procedure.

If ALT 1 Current is Near 24 Volts		
ALT 1 Master SwitchOFF	:	
ALT 1 Circuit Breaker (C5)CHECK and RESET	Т	
ALT 1 Master SwitchON		
If alternator does not reset		
ALT 1 Master SwitchOFF	:	
AutopilotENGAGE		
Reduce Loads		
Audio PanelOFI	F	
GPS/COM 2OFF	F	
Fuel PumpOFF	Ξ	
Panel and Overhead LightsOFF	=	
Landing LightOFF	=	
Strobe LightsOFF	=	
Pitot HeatOFF	F	
Pull Circuit Breakers		
Skywatch/TAWS (F1)PULI	L	
WX/Stormscope (F5)PUL		
MFD (F6)PULI	L	

Use the Autopilot to fly the aircraft.

Avoid use of manual trim.

Do NOT reset a circuit breaker more than one time.

Land within ONE hour. Plan on a flaps up or flaps 50% landing. Do NOT extend flaps to 100% for landing. You may not have sufficient power to retract flaps should a go-around be necessary.

ALT 2 LIGHT STEADY

NOTE: ALT 2 will not come on line at low RPM settings.

VERIFY CONDITION: Prior to conducting the following procedure verify that ALT 2 is offline by checking the voltage meter indication for ALT 2. If the indication is higher than the ALT 1 voltage then the problem is a bad ALT 2 current sensor and you should NOT proceed with the following procedure.

If ALT 2 Voltage is the Same as ALT 1 Voltage
ALT 2 Master Switch.....OFF

Discontinue IFR Flight as soon as practical. Redundant electrical power is no longer available.

HOT START

- 1. Prime engine until 15 GPH is obtained:
 - Power Lever FULL FORWARD
 - Mixture FULL FORWARD
 - Boost pump switch to PRIME
- 2. Follow quickly with MIXTURE IDLE CUTOFF (power lever remains full forward).
- 3. Boost pump switch to BOOST.
- 4. Clear prop and START engine.
- 5. If no start within 15 seconds repeat procedure but turn OFF boost pump after priming.
- 6. At engine start RETARD POWER LEVER followed by FULL RICH mixture.
- 7. Lean mixture as required.

DOOR OPEN IN FLIGHT

Airspeed	REDUCE TO 80-90 KIAS
Flaps	SET 50%
Land	AS SOON AS PRACTICAL

COMMUNICATIONS FAILURE

NOTE: With electrical failure the audio panel connects COM 1 to the pilot's headset and speakers .

Switches, Controls	CHECK
Frequency	CHANGE
Circuit Breakers	CHECK
HeadsetCHECK CONNEC	TIONS / CHANGE
Hand Held Microphone	CONNECT
Transponder	CODE 7600

TRIM / AUTOPILOT FAILURE

Any trim or autopilot failure can be overridden by use of the control yoke.

Airplane Control	MANUALLY
Autopilot	DISENGAGE

If Problem Not Corrected:

Circuit Breakers.....PULL AS REQUIRED

PITCH TRIM (F11) ROLL TRIM (F12) AUTOPILOT (A9)

Power Lever......AS REQUIRED Control Yoke.....MANUALLY HOLD PRESSURE

ENGINE INSTRUMENTS RESET

Circuit Breaker (A1).....PULL AND RESET

EMERGENCY CHECKLIST

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FLY THE AIRPLANE - IDENTIFY EMERGENCY - READ CHECKLIST - DO NOT HURRY!

PAGE 1

ENGINE FAILURE

DURING TAKEOFF ROLL Throttle
IMMEDIATELY AFTER LIFTOFF Best Glide or Landing SpeedESTABLISH MixtureIDLE CUTOFF Fuel Selector ValveROTATE TO OFF Ignition SwitchOFF Wing FlapsAS REQUIRED If time permits:
Power Lever
DURING FLIGHT (ATTEMPT RESTART) Airspeed

EMERGENCY LANDING

WITHOUT ENGINE POT Airspeed	96 KIAS (flaps up) .TRANSMIT MAYDAYSQUAWK 7700ACTIVATE ELTIDLECUTOFFROTATE TO OFFOFFOFF sured)100%
	SECURE

PRECAUTIONARY LANDING

WITH ENGINE POWER (off-field)
SeatbeltsSECURE
Flaps50%
Airspeed95 KIAS
Selected FieldFLY OVER TO OBSERVE
Selected FieldLINE UP FOR FINAL
Avionics Power SwitchOFF
Wing Flaps100%
Airspeed75 KIAS
Master SwitchOFF
DoorsUNLATCH PRIOR TO TOUCHDOWN
TouchdownSLIGHTLY TAIL LOW
Ignition SwitchOFF
BrakesAPPLY HEAVILY

ENGINE FIRE

IN FLIGHT Mixture
to incombustible mixture speed. Emergency LandingEXECUTE
DURING START Mixture
If flames persist: Power Lever. IDLE Fuel Pump. OFF Mixture. CUTOFF Fuel Selector. OFF Ignition Switch. OFF Bat-Alt Master Switches OFF Exit Aircraft. MEET PAX UPWIND

IMMEDIATE ACTION ITEMS ARE IN BOLD PRINT

EMERGENCY CHECKLIST

SR20

FLY THE AIRPLANE - IDENTIFY EMERGENCY - READ CHECKLIST - DO NOT HURRY!

PAGE 2

CABIN FIRE

IN FLIGHT Bat-Alt Master SwitchOFF Vents/Cabin Air/HeaterCLOSED Fire ExtinguisherACTIVATE
WARNING: Ventilate cabin by opening vents and opening doors if needed after use of fire extinguisher.
Avionics Power SwitchOFF All Other Switches (except ignition)OFF
If fire appears to be out and electrical power is required for continued safe flight (IFR flight): Bat-Alt Master SwitchON Circuit BreakersCHECK for faulty circuit DO NOT RESET if breaker has tripped. Individual Radio SwitchesOFF Avionics Power SwitchON

WING FIRE

GPS-COM/Electrical Switches.....ON one at a

time until the short circuit is localized.

Pitot Heat Switch	OFF
Navigation Light Switch	OFF
Landing Light Switch	
Strobe Light Switch	OFF

Perform a sideslip to keep flames away from fuel tank and cabin.

Putting the airplane into a dive may blow out the fire. Do not exceed Vne (200) during the dive.

Land ASAP using wing flaps only as required for final approach and touchdown.

IMMEDIATE ACTION ITEMS ARE IN BOLD PRINT

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ICING ENCOUNTER

Pitot Heat SwitchON
TimeNOTED
Heading and/or AltitudeCHANGE
A heading change of 180° should return
you to ice free conditions. Lower altitudes
are normally warmer. Advise ATC if under
IFR control.
Cabin HeatMAXIMUM
Windshield DefrostFULL OPEN
Alternate Induction AirON

WARNING: With extremely rapid ice buildup select a suitable off-airport landing site.

Stall Speed will be significantly higher with ice accretion of 1/4 inch or more.

Wing Flaps Use flaps 50% or no flaps as wing wake airflow change with flaps down could result in loss of elevator effectiveness.

Forward Slip to land if needed for improved forward visibility.

Approach: If ice is suspected to be adhering to the tail use higher approach speeds.

No-Flap use 95-100 KIAS Flaps 50% use 90-95 KIAS

Land in a level attitude.

OTHER EMERGENCIES

SEE POH SECTION 3

This checklist was created to deal with most, but not all, emergency situations. Additional information is available in Section 3 of the Pilot Operating Handbook (POH). The POH is the definitive source of information concerning operation of this aircraft. The Pilot in Command is responsible for complying with all items in the POH and applicable STC's.